चिट्ठी मिलेगी कैसे ? इसलिए पोस्ट आफिस को उठा देना अच्छी बात नहीं है। लेकिन हमारे मंत्रालय से जितना काम अभी तक हुआ है और यह जो मॉनिटरिंग सिस्टम हमने अभी एडोप्ट किया है, उसी से हमको इंफामशन भी मिलता है और उसी के मुताबिक हमको कारवाई करना है। हम जो कारवाई कर रहे हैं.... (व्यवधान)

श्री परमेश्वर कुमार अग्रवाल : कितने लोगों को आपने सजा दी है ?

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: The Question Hour is over.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

India's share in world trade in coffee

*741. SHRIMATI KAMLA SINHA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) what is India's share of the world trade in Coffee;

(b) in comparison to tea, how much coffee export has brought so the country in terms of export revenues;

(c) whether Government have a coherent policy for expansion of coffee production and trade, both external and domestic; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER Of STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) India's hare in world trade ot coffee was 3.11 per cent during 1993-94 and is estimated at 3.07 per cent in 1994-95.

(b) The estimated earnings from cooffe and tea expous during 1994-95 were Rs. 1061.32 crores and Rs. 924.08 crores respectively.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir The Coffee Board has finalised its coffee production programme till 2000 A. D. after taking into account the likely demand in domes. lie as well as export market which is as follows:

(Projection)

(Qty. in Tonnes)

Year	Production	Domestic consumoption	Export
1995-96	225000	75000	150000
1996-97	242000	80650	161350
1997-98	260000	86650	173350
1998-99	280000	93350	186650
1999-2000	300000	100000	200000

In order to achieve the target for production, the following major developmental programmes are being taken up by the Coffee Board during the 8th Plan period:

1. Additional expansion of coffee cultivation on 15000 hectare both in traditional and non-traditional areas.

2. Intensive cultivation programme for 25000 hectare.

3. Replanting programme for 30000 hec.

4. Water augmentation programme for 61000 hec.

5. Encouraging setting up of 750 Nos. of pulping units under quality improvement programme.

In order to promote exports, the coffee marketing system has been further liberalised by allowing 100 per cent Free Sale Quota to the small growers having holding size below 10 hec. and upto 70 per cent to other growers under which coffee producers could sell their produce both in domestic as well as in export markets.

Different prices of sugarcane

*746. SHRI SANJAY DALMIA: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) whether 22 different prices of sugarcane are prevailing for sugarcane growers in the country at present;

(b) whether Bureau of Industrial Costs and Prices had recommended for a uniform sugarcane price for the entire country;

(c) whether the Union Government had accepted the recommendations of the Bureau;

(d) if so, the present position in this matter; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF FOOD (SHRI AJIT SINGH): (a) The Statutory Mini mum Price *of* Sugarcane SHP) is uni form throughout the country, linked to a basic recovery of 8.5 per cent, it is fixed by the Central. Government every year under the provisions of the Sugarcane (Control) Order, 1966. However, various systems are being adopted by the-State Governments in announcing State Advised Prices (SAP) of sugarcane and thus multiplicity of prices in respect of State Advised Prices of sugarcane does exist.

lb) to (e) Bureau of Industrial Costs and Prices (BICP) had observed in 1983 that basically the objective should be to reduce the number of zones so that eventually, the country ran become one zone for the purpose of sugar & sugarcane pricing. Thereafter, BICP has not made any further recom mendation for uniform cane price in the recent past. The Statutory Mini mum Price of sugarcane is now an nounced by the Central Government keeping in view the recommendations of the Commission far Agricultural Costs, and Prices. The matter regarding multiplicity in State Advised Cane Prices was considered in the Conference of Sugar Ministers of all sugar produc ing States and UTs held on 5.2.94 in which after delibertions, a Committee of Ministers or five State Governments namely Uttar Pradesh, Punjab, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka and Maharashtra was constituted by the Central Government to recommend the pricing policy for State Advised Prices of sugarcane. The Committee submitted its report on 3.4.9. advrsing, interalia, constitution of a National Pricing Board for the purpose. The matter was again consi dered in another Conference of the Sugar Ministers of all the Sugar pro ducing States/UTs held on 6.5.95. Though a majority of the States/UTs supported the formation of a National pricing Board, there was difference of opinion about its terms of reference. The Government has decided to seeK detailed suggestions/proposals from the State Governments/UTs in this regard so that a final view can be taken.